

SOV/101-59-5/2/11

The Automatic Regulation of the Charging of Tube-Ball Mills

amount of material fed into the mill (Figure 1). Regulation of the charging is done by the "Pendan" type dosing device, in which a belt conveyor functions simultaneously as a weigher and as a feeder. Such an arrangement maintains a definite relation between the variable amount of the material charged into the chamber and the position of the dose distributor. Figure 2 shows the above arrangement. A static regulation of the charging of chamber I of the raw material mill is shown in Figure 3. This regulation assembly has been tested at the "Oktyabr'", Nizhne-Tagil'skiy and Leningradskiy tsementnyye zavody ("Oktyabr'", Nizhniy-Tagil and Leningrad Cement Plants). Automatic regulation increases the productivity of the mills by about 5 to 10%. The authors conclude that depending upon the readiness of the plant, automatic regulation will be introduced at all cement plants, using the wet grinding process.

There are 3 diagrams.

Card 2/2

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

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~~CIA-RDP86-00513R0005~~

GIRSHOV, L. A. (Leningrad); GEL'MAN, I. V. (Leningrad); DOBRIN, L. A.  
(Leningrad)

Some engineering methods for analyzing control objects with  
monotonous transitive functions. Avtom. i telem. 23 no.9:  
1210-1214 S '62. (MIRA 15:10)

(Automatic control)

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NESMEYANOV, A.N.; NOGINA, O.V.; BERLIN, A.M.; GIRSHOVICH, A.S.; SHATALOV, G.V.

Acyl and alkoxy derivatives of bis-(cyclopentadienyl)titanium and  
the refraction increment of the -C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>Ti group. Izv. AN SSSR  
Otd.khim.nauk no.12:2146-2151 D '61.  
(MIRA 14:11)

1. Institut elementoorganicheskikh soyedineniy Akademii nauk SSSR.  
(Titanium compounds)

L 18184-63 EWP(j)/EPF(c)/EWT(m)/BDS ASD Pe-4/Px-4 RM/MAY/WW  
ACCESSION NR: AP3006746 S/0190/63/005/009/1284/1287 70  
63

AUTHOR: Korshak, V. V.; Sladkov, A. M.; Luneva, L. K.; Girshovich,  
A. S.

TITLE: Synthesis and study of polymers containing allyloxytitanocene

SOURCE: Vy\*sokomolekulyarny\*ye soyedineniya, v. 5, no. 9, 1963,  
1284-1287

TOPIC TAGS: titanium compounds, titanocene, dicyclopentadienyl-titanium(IV) dichloride, allyl alcohol, allyloxytitanocene, allyloxydicyclopentadienyltitanium(IV) chloride, synthesis, polymerization, polymer, dicyclopentadienyltitanium(IV) dichloride, trimer, styrene, methyl methacrylate, copolymerization, copolymer, allyloxydicyclopentadienyltitanium(IV). polymer with styrene, styrene. polymer with allyloxydicyclopentadienyltitanium, allyloxy-dicyclopentadienyltitanium(IV). polymer with methyl methacrylate, methyl methacrylate. polymer with allyloxydicyclopentadienyltitanium, copolymer structure, copolymer property

L 18184-63  
ACCESSION NR: AP3006746

f

ABSTRACT: The synthesis of allyloxytitanocene [allyloxydicyclopentadienyltitanium chloride] (I) and its polymerization and co-polymerization with styrene or methyl methacrylate have been studied. After an unsuccessful attempt to synthesize bis allyloxytitanocene [bis(allyloxy)dicyclopentadienyltitanium] from 1 mol titanocene [dicyclopentadienyltitanium dichloride] and 2 mols allyl alcohol, I was prepared from stoichiometric amounts of the starting materials in the presence of ammonia to bind HCl. The structure of I was determined by IR spectroscopic analysis. Polymerization of I in toluene solution at 100°C for 10 hr in the presence of 0.1% benzoyl peroxide yielded the trimer of I, as shown by molecular-weight measurements and IR and elemental analysis data. Copolymers of I, together with polystyrene or poly(methyl methacrylate), were produced by heating 10% I solutions in styrene or methyl methacrylate at 120°C for 3 hr in the presence of 0.5% benzoyl peroxide. The copolymers are orange transparent solids with molecular weights of 22,100 and 70,000. IR spectroscopic analysis of the copolymers showed that the titanocene groups [sic] are located in the side chains and that the backbones of the copolymers differ from those

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L 18184-63

ACCESSION NR: AP3006746

of polystyrene and poly(methyl methacrylate). The softening point of the copolymer with styrene (120C) is higher than that of polystyrene (100C). Orig. art. has: 2 figures.

ASSOCIATION: Institut elementoorganicheskikh soyedineniy AN SSSR  
(Institute of Organoelemental Compounds, AN SSSR)

SUBMITTED: 23Dec61 DATE ACQ: 30Sep63 ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: CH NO REF SOV: 003 OTHER: 002

Card 3/3

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612346144 DA

ZVYAGIN, L.M., kandidat meditsinskikh nauk; GIRSHOVICH, E.A.; SOMOVA, V.V.

Transfusion of N.G. Belen'kii's therapeutic serum in insufficient lactation. Akush. i gin. no.3:51-54 My-Je '55 (MLRA 8:10)

1. Iz gospital'noy khirurgicheskoy kliniki (zav. kafedroy-prof. F.G.Uglov) i akushersko-ginekologicheskoy kliniki (zav.kafedroy-prof. I.I.Yakovlev) I Leningradskogo meditsinskogo i stituta imeni akad. I.P.Pavlova)

(LACTATION DISORDERS

hypogalactia, ther., serum of Belen'kii)

(BLOOD SERUM

serum of Belen'kii in ther. of hypogalactia)

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GIRSHOVICH, M.G.

High-speed machine-tool attachments for small-lot production. Stan.i  
instr. 31 no.10:34-35 0 '60. (MIRA 13:10)  
(Machine tools--Attachments)

ACC NR: AP6021831

SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/012/0171/0171

INVENTOR: Girshovich, M. G.; Kilyakov, A. D.; Kozhevnik, I. A.

ORG: None

TITLE: Stocks for assembling cylindrical and tapered aircraft sections. Class 87,  
No. 183136

SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 12, 1966, 171

TOPIC TAGS: aircraft industry, aircraft fuselage, aircraft maintenance equipment

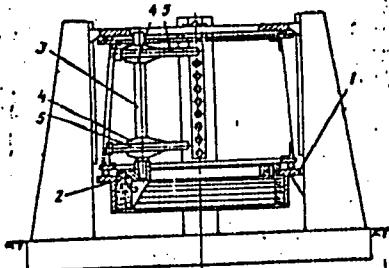
ABSTRACT: This Author's Certificate introduces: 1..Stocks for assembling cylindrical and tapered sections and other similar structures. The section end ribs rest on joint rings which are fixed to mutually parallel horizontal support plates. The lower plate is fixed while the upper plate can be moved. These plates are located between vertical columns which in turn are rigidly fixed to a stationary base. Setup time is cut during changeover from one type of assembly to another, and the number of required tools and attachments is minimized by equipping the stocks with a coordinate unit consisting of a lower support plate with a turret which can rotate about the vertical axis, a vertical bar which is fixed at the turret end and other supports which have horizontal bars. Each of these bars may be moved in a horizontal direction and carries a working tool such as a holding device or a trimming head. 2. A

Card 1/2

UDC: 621.757:629.13.012.2

ACC NR: AP6021831

modification of this device with a vertical bar equipped with a vernier scale. 3. A modification of this device for cutting setup time during assembly of periodically repeated batches of aircraft sections. The horizontal and vertical bars are equipped with slats, the lower support plate is fitted with rings, and the supports and turret have jig guides for boring index pin holes in the slats and rings.



1—lower support plate; 2—turret; 3—vertical bar; 4—supports  
5—horizontal bar

SUB CODE: 6113 / SUBM DATE: 01Feb65

Card 2/2

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GIRSHOVICH, M.I.

112-1-1420

Translation from: Referativnyy Zhurnal, Elektrotehnika, 1957,  
Nr 1, p. 215 (USSR)

AUTHORS: Brik, Ye.A., Girshovich, M.I.

TITLE: Automation of the Drying-and-Impregnating Processes  
of Power Cables (Avtomatizatsiya sushil' no-propitochnogo  
protsessa silovykh kabeley)

PERIODICAL: Inform. tekhn. sb. M-vo elektrotekhn. prom-sti SSSR,  
1956, Nr 4(88), pp.19-21

ABSTRACT: Bibliographic entry

Card 1/1

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R000

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GIRSHOVICH, M. V. Cand. Physicomath Sci.

Dissertation: "Geometrical Constructions on Lobachevskiy's Plane." Moscow State  
Pedagogical Inst. imeni V. I. Lenin 22 Dec. 1947.

SO: Vechernaya Moskva, Dec. 1947 (Project #17836)

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GIRSHOVICH, M.V. (Kalinin)

Solvability conditions for second-degree construction problems on a Lobachevskii plane using a straightedge alone. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav., mat. no. 5:30-38 '63. (MIRA 16:11)

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Theory of the metallizing process. N. G. Gerasimov and S. K. Vaidin. Trans.  
*Izdat. Metaliz.* (Moscow) No. 4, p. 117. (English summary) TDD-40 (1950). —The authors  
explain the mechanism of graphitization and decarbonization of white cast iron. Direct  
formation of temper C takes place in the attainment of equilibrium after decompos. of all free  
cementite. The growth of castings is due to the decompos. of cementite and depends  
on the amt. of temper C formed during annealing, and on the amt. of C oxidized out of  
the cementite in the solid solution. C. E. Roskamm

AMERICAN METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

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CIA-RDP86-00513R000

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CO  
Comparative oxidizability of graphite and temper carbon. N. G. Gorbunov and  
E. K. Virov. Leninsk. Metallopromyshlenost' (Moscow) No. 11, p. 11. Reprinted  
view of recent research in Germany and results of exptl studies made at the Inst. of Metals  
in Leningrad explaining why malleable castings cannot be made from gray cast iron  
B. I. S.

9

ASSISTANT METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R000

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CIA-RDP86-00513R0005

*ca*

The effect of silicon on ductility of malleable iron. N. G. GUPTA AND R. K. VIDYA. *Sōshikagaku Zasshi*. 1931, No. 1, 2, 30-37. In hard castings tensile strength increases and sp. gr. decreases with increase of Si, while hardness is not affected. Ductility gradually increases with Si content and shrinkage increases at first up to 0.40% Si and then decreases. In tempered samples Si showed no effect on tensile strength, while sp. gr. decreased with increase of Si. For the ordinary European malleable iron it is best to keep to the limits of 0.4-0.7% Si, depending on the amount of S and tempering temp. The lower limit applies to low S and highly heated metal, while the upper limit applies to high S and low heating temp. S. L. MADORAKY.

9

ASA-SEA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

CLASS NO. 1001

1001

PROCESSES AND PREPARATION OF

*CW*

Melting black heart malleable iron in a cupola furnace.  
E. K. Vidiu and N. G. Gulyanov. *Repts. Inst. Metals* (Leningrad) No. 14; 3-11 (in German 12) (1933). The cupola furnace is rarely used for the prepn. of malleable br., because of the excessive absorption of C into the metal in this type of furnace. A method has been worked out by which the Fe is first melted in a cupola and decarburized to the required point in the blistering process. This method is used on a large scale at the Lepse plant in Leningrad for the production of black heart malleable Fe of required content of Si, S, Mn and C. S. L. M.

APPENDIX METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

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RECEIVED AND PROPERLY STORED  
100% CHECKED

Production of low carbon cast iron in a cupola furnace  
N. G. Arshavich. Metallurg 10, No. 5, 36-52 (1955).  
Primarily from theoretical considerations, G. shows that  
steel scrap charged to a cupola furnace is carbonized by  
the cupola gases above the tuyere zones. Below the  
tuyeres, carburation occurs because of contact with coke.  
The extent to which these reactions proceed depends on  
the temp., time of contact, properties of the coke and  
cupola gases. To decrease the time of contact  
below the tuyeres, the tuyere zone may be lowered. A  
cupola thus constituted operated satisfactorily with a  
charge of 85% steel scrap and 15% Fe-Si. The cast is  
produced contained 1.7% C and was hot enough to cast  
in their sections.

H. W. Rathmann

ASQ SLA METALLURGICAL LIBRARY CLASSIFICATION

LOW CARBON  
CUPOLA FURNACE

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1ST AND 2ND DECODED  
PROCESSES AND PROPERTIES INDEX

9

*ca*  
~~Desulfurization of cast iron during melting in the cupola. P. P. Berg and N. G. Gribovych. *Litelnoe Delo* 1940, No. 8-9, 10-13. Ordinary compn. and the concn. of S in metal and slag during melting in the cupola are such that there is no migration of S from the slag to the cast-*ir*e. Desulfurization of the cast Fe with soda takes place by the formation of Na<sub>2</sub>S and the soln. of FeS and MnS in soda slag. The desulfurizing action of soda is greater the greater the ratio of Na<sub>2</sub>O to SO<sub>2</sub> and it is significant even with a 2nd treatment of the metal with the soda slag. Reusing the slags a 3rd time is suggested.~~  
B. Z. Kamich

ASB-SEA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

ECONOMIC SECTION

TECHNICAL SECTION

SCIENTIFIC SECTION

EDUCATIONAL SECTION

GENERAL SECTION

TECHNIQUE SECTION

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GIRSH'VICH, N.[G.]

Cast-iron founding. A textbook  
Leningrad, Gos. nauchno-tekhn. izd-v, lit-ry po chernoi i tsvetnoi metallurgii, 1<sup>ch</sup>.  
708 p. (50-37376)

TN710.G5

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GIRSHOVICH, N. G.

USSR/Metals - Cast Iron, Technology, Jan 52  
Processes

"On Certain Theoretical Problems of Melting Cast  
Iron in a Cupola," N. G. Girshovich, Dr Tech Sci,  
Leningrad Polytech Inst imeni Kalinin

"Litey Proizvod" No 1, pp 20-23

Analyzes effect of various factors on melting  
process in cupola, such as: zones of combustion,  
excess of air, melting belt, compn of cupola gases  
and its relationship to temp in furnace, amt of  
air blown into cupola, productive capacity of  
cupola.

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*GIRSHOVICH, N.G.*

*GIRSHOVICH, N.G.*

**USSR**

*Girshovich, N.O. Spravochnik mastera po chuzopromu  
po vospriyatiyu i upravleniyu skilled workers on iron casting.  
Leningrad. Gosudarstv. Nauch.-Tekh. Izdatel'stvo inostrannoy  
literatury i Sotskredit. Lit., Leningrad. (Dokl. 1966-552)  
pp.*

*1966  
Girshovich*

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CIA-RDP86-00513R0005

1. GIRSHOVICH, N.G.
2. USSR (600)
4. Cast Iron
7. Disputable questions in the theory of graphitization, N.G. Mirshovich, Lit. proizv.  
no. 4 '53.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, APRIL 1953, Uncl.

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SOV/137-57-11-22365

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, 1957, Nr 11, p 246 (USSR)

AUTHORS: Girshovich, N.G., Maksimov, S.K., Mikhaylov, V.A.

TITLE: The Properties of Nodular Cast Iron at Elevated Temperatures and the Possibilities for its Employment as Reinforcement Metal (Svoystva chuguna s sharovidnym grafitom pri povyshennykh temperaturakh i vozmozhnost' yego ispol'zovanya dlya armatury)

PERIODICAL: V sb.: Polucheniye otlivok iz vysokoprochnogo chuguna. Moscow, Izd-vo AN SSSR, 1955, pp 114-123

ABSTRACT: An investigation was made of the mechanical properties of cast irons, namely, ferritic and pearlitic-ferritic malleable, inoculated gray, high-strength pearlitic (HSP) and ferritic (HSF), and cast steel (Nr 25 steel) at  $\leq 500^{\circ}\text{C}$  under short and long-term loadings.  $\sigma_b$  and  $\sigma_s$  diminish with increase in temperature. HSP shows the greatest strengths, and inoculated cast iron and ferritic malleable cast iron show the lowest, with Nr 25 steel, HSF, and pearlitic-ferritic cast iron occupying intermediate positions,  $\delta$  rising with temperature.  $\delta$  is highest in the case of Nr 25 steel and is followed by HSF, then

Card 1/2

SOV/137-57-11-22365

The Properties of Nodular Cast Iron at Elevated Temperatures (cont.)

HSP, etc. Long preliminary soaking at high temperature results in a decline in strength and a rise in  $\delta$ . High strength cast iron becomes brittle when held in the 400-550° interval. HSI reveals the maximum strength and the minimum rate of drop therein under long soaking. At 500°, the  $\sigma_b$  is as follows, in kg/mm<sup>2</sup>: 13.2 for HSP, 10.9 for Nr 25 steel, 0.1 for pearlitic-ferritic malleable cast iron, 8.0 for HSF, 7.4 for ferritic cast iron, and 7.0 for inoculated gray iron. Under these temperature conditions as well,  $\delta$  is higher for steel (16-22%) than for pig iron (6-12%). The increase in the cast iron at 500° is as follows in %: 0.2 for HSP and inoculated gray iron, 0.12 for pearlitic-ferritic malleable cast iron, 0.05 for ferritic malleable cast iron, 0.06 for HSF. At 425°,  $\sigma_{ductility}$  is as follows, in kg/mm<sup>2</sup>: 7.8 for HSF, 6.1 for pearlitic-ferritic malleable cast iron, 5.6 for ferritic malleable cast iron, and 8 for Nr 25 steel. Direct tests of reinforcement show that when brittleness is eliminated high-strength cast iron is close to Nr 25 and may be used at temperatures of up to 425° and a nominal pressure of  $\leq 40$  kg/cm<sup>2</sup>.

A 1.

Card 2/2

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R000

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R0005

Girshovich, N.G.

Effect of adding Chromium and Iron on mechanical properties of carbon steel at elevated temperatures. N.G. Girshovich and I.V. V. Tolok. Metallurg. Rev., No. 1, 1989. No. 1. Effect of tensile strength of some casting C-32, Mn 0.9% Si 0.1% Cr 0.5% and S 0.05% unalloyed and alloyed, rest - 0.25% Mn and 0.22% Ni (modified with CaSi), 0.40% Cr and 0.27% Ni, 1.00% Cr and 0.68% Ni and heated for 10 and 100 hrs. at 350-600° is given. Diagrams indicating that the presence of Chromium Ni reduces the softening effect of heat treatment is established. With increasing Ni and Chromium the ductile matrix of the alloy becomes less granular and more alloyed. Creep strength results (run for 10,000 hrs) parallel to those of the tensile testing. On the basis of data collected a set of diagrams for determining the structure of these alloys as a function of Si and Cr is given.

80

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002      CIA-RDP86-00513R000  
APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002      CIA-RDP86-00513R0005

GIRSHOVICH, N.G., professor, doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk; NEKHENJZI, Yu.A.,  
professor, doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk.

Analytic solutions for simple problems on solidification of  
castings with varying configurations. Lit.proizv. no.4:13-17  
(MLRA 9:7)  
Ap '56.  
(Founding--Tables, calculations, etc.)(Solidification)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R000  
APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R0005

GIRSHOVICH, N.G., doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk; NEKHENDZI, Yu.A., doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk.

Analytic solution of simple problems on the solidification of various configurational castings. Lit.proizv. no.6:14-18 Je '56.  
(MLRA 9:8)

(Solidification) (Foundry)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R000

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R0005

GIRSHOVICH, N.G., doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk.

The shape of head metal. Lit.proizv. no.10:32 o '56. (MIRA 9:11)  
(Founding)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R000

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R0005

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

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~~APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002~~

~~CIA-RDP86-00513R0005~~

GIRSHOVICH, N. G.

GIRSHOVICH, N.G.; NEKHENDZI, Yu.A.

Foundry practices in Leningrad. Lit.proizv. no.10:13 0 '57.  
(MIRA 10:12)  
(Leningrad--Founding)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R000

~~APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002~~

~~CIA-RDP86-00513R0005~~

GIRSHOVICH, N.G.; DLUGACH, L.S. [deceased]

New method for testing cast iron. ~~lit. proizv.~~ no.12:22-23 D '57  
(MIRA 11:1)

(Cast iron--Testing)

GIRSHOV, T.M. N.G.

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION 1216

Soveshchaniye po teorii liteynykh protsessov. 2d, Moscow, 1956

Zatverdevaniye metallov; trudy soveshchaniya... (Solidification of Metals; Transactions of the Second Conference on the Theory of Foundry Processes) Moscow, Mashgiz, 1958. 532 p. 3,500 copies printed.

Sponsoring Agencies: AN SSSR. Institut mashinovedeniya. Komissiya po tekhnologii mashinostroyeniya; and AN SSSR. Institut metallurgii.

Ed. (Title page): Gulyayev, B.B., Doctor of Technical Sciences, Professor; Ed. (Inside book): Novikov, P.G., Candidate of Technical Sciences; Ed. of Publishing House: Chernysheva, N.P.; Tech. Ed.: Uvarova, A.F.; Managing Ed. for Literature on Heavy Machine Building: Golovin, S.Ya., Engineer.

PURPOSE: This book is intended for a wide circle of engineers, technicians, and scientists working in the fields of general metallurgy, physical metallurgy, and the production of castings.

Card 1/8

Solidification of Metals (Cont.)

1216

COVERAGE: The book is a collection of 29 papers concerned with the determination of fixed patterns of metal solidification and also with the determination of favorable conditions for the production of sound castings. The authors discuss heat phenomena in metallic and sand molds, properties of mold materials, conditions of solidification of castings in shell molds, kinetics of the warming-up of porous bodies (molds), effect of alloy composition on the solidification process, conditions for the development of a zonal structure and of chemical heterogeneity of castings, and other matters of current interest. There are also discussions of the use of model testing and radioactive isotopes for studying solidification. No personalities are mentioned.

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

Preface	3
Gulyayev, B.B., Doctor of Technical Sciences, Professor. Present State of Investigations of Metal-solidification Processes	5
Card 2/8	

Card 2/8

Solidification of Metals (Cont.)

1216

## I. HEAT-TRANSFER PROCESSES IN THE SOLIDIFICATION OF CASTINGS

Berg, P.P. Principles for Constructing Production Formulas for Evaluating Heat Processes in the Casting Mold	33
Girshovich, N.G., Doctor of Technical Sciences, Professor; and Yu.A. Mekhendzi, Doctor of Technical Sciences, Professor. Solidification of Castings	39
Veynik, A.I., Doctor of Technical Sciences, Professor. Investigation of Heat Phenomena in Metallic Molds and Their Effect on Solidification Processes	91
Gulyayev, B.B., Doctor of Technical Sciences, Professor; and O.N. Magnitskiy, Engineer. Investigation of the Effect of Alloy Composition on the Kinetics of the Solidification of Castings	108
Skvortsov, A.A., Candidate of Technical Sciences, Docent. On the Solution of the Problem of the Solidification of Metals Within a Temperature Range	124

Card 3/8

SOV/163-58-1-11/53

AUTHORS: Girshovich, N. G., Nekhendzi, Yu. A., Lebedev, B. I.

TITLE: The Resistance to Cracking of Iron-Carbon Alloys (Treshchi-  
oustoychivost' zhelezouglerodistykh splavov)

PERIODICAL: Nauchnyye doklady vysshey shkoly. Metallurgiya, 1958,  
Nr 1, pp 48-54 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The resistance to cracking of iron-carbon alloys was quanti-  
tatively investigated. A special method based on the de-  
termination of the electric resistance was used for the in-  
vestigation of the resistance to cracking. A jump-like change  
in the electrical resistance is caused by the formation of  
cracks in the alloys.  
The alloys investigated in addition to carbon also contained  
0.35 - 0.45 % silicon, 0.7 - 0.8 % manganese, 0.035 % sulfur  
and 0.05 - 0.06 % phosphorus.  
Alloys with a content of 0.2 % carbon are characterized by  
a higher resistance to cracking. The decrease of the carbon  
content therefore causes sharp decrease in the resistance to  
cracking. Iron alloys with a graphite system have a higher  
resistance to cracking than alloys with a cementite system.

Card 1/ 2

The Resistance to Cracking of Iron-Carbon Alloys SCOV/163-58-1-11/53

The resistance to cracking of iron-carbon alloys as well as of the graphite and cementite systems was compared at a temperature of 50°C. The influence of sulfur and phosphorus on the resistance to cracking was investigated as well. Phosphorus exerts a considerable influence on the resistance to cracking; in the alloys only in the case of low sulfur content. In metallurgical investigations it is shown that in the case of a higher sulfur content the sulfides enclosed accumulate at the boundary of the primary crystals of the alloys, which fact represents a decrease in the intercrystalline strength, and which represents a factor promoting the formation of cracks. The investigation of the influence of casting temperatures on the resistance to cracking shows that when the casting temperatures are raised the resistance to cracking is decreased. There are 4 figures, 3 tables, and 7 references.

Card 2/2

ASSOCIATION: Leningradskiy politekhnicheskiy institut  
(Leningrad Polytechnical Institute)

SUBMITTED: October 4, 1957

AUTHORS: Girshevich, N. G., Nekhendzel, Yu. A. SOT/163-58-2-12/46

TITLE: Determining the Duration of the Hardening in Casting Processes as a Scientific Method of Research (Opredeleniye - periodicheskogo neskorost' zatverdievaniya otливok kak metod nauchnykh issledovaniy)

PERIODICAL: Nauchnyye doklady vyschey shkoly. Metalurgiya, 1982, № 2, pp. 77-83 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The analytical and experimental determination of the duration and the kinetics of the hardening in the casting process are of great theoretical and practical importance. In the hardening process the structure of the cast is formed. The determination of the duration of hardening may be used as a method for the scientific investigation, and from the results obtained the physical constant of the alloys, the characteristics of the phase diagram, the characteristics of the crystallization of the alloys and also some mechanical properties of the alloys may be determined. The duration of hardening is expressed by the simple formula:

$$\tau = K \frac{Q_v^2}{\Theta_{crit}^2}$$

Card 1/3

SC7/167 68-2-12/46

Determining the Duration of the Hardening in Casting Processes as a Scientific Method of Research

The dependence between the duration of hardening and the ratio  $\left(\frac{Q_v}{\Theta_{crit}}\right)^2$  is linear (see Fig 1). The prolongation of the

duration of hardening leads to a stabilization of the primary crystallization parts. The dependence between the duration of hardening and the size of the primary grains ( $F$ ) of the alloys of the system Fe-Ni-Cr-C (with 0,10% C and 20% Cr) was found. There is a direct relation between the duration of hardening and the mechanical properties of the alloys. From the course of the hardening curves may be seen that three periods occur. The hardening conditions of steel have an effect on the character of the crystallization of the steel alloys. In the case of a slow hardening and a larger crystallization range the biphasic zone is very big. Alloys with an extended biphasic zone of the hardening process have a comparatively long period of the liquidus state. An important relation between the duration of hardening and the fluidity was found, which may be expressed

Card 2/3

the following way:  $\lambda = f \left( \tau_h + \frac{T_h}{T_c} \right)$  ( $\tau_h$  = duration of harden-

Determining the Duration of the Hardening in Casting Processes as a Scientific Method of Research  
SOV/167-58-5-12/46

ing). The results obtained and the calculations of the duration of hardening show that a new and valuable method was found which supplies useful information as to the character of the crystallization, the phase diagram, the fluidity, the physical constants and the mechanical properties. There are 5 figures and 2 references, 2 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Leningradskiy politekhnicheskiy institut (Leningrad Polytechnic Institute)

SUBMITTED: October 1, 1957

Card 3/3

GIRSHOVICH N.G.

117-53-5-23/24

AUTHOR:

None Given

TITLE:

All-Union Conference of Foundry Workers (Vsesoyuznoye soveshchaniye lityeyschikov)

PERIODICAL:

Mashinostroitel', 1958, Nr 5, p 48 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

At the end of 1957, an All-Union conference took place in Moscow on scientific research in casting. After the plenary session the meeting broke up into the following 5 sections: iron casting, steel casting, technology of the casting form, non-ferrous casting, and equipment. A total of 45 reports were given. Representatives of the satellites also participated. V.M. Shestopal, Candidate of Technical Sciences (Giprostanok) reported on "The Latest in Projects of Foundry Shops and Plants". I.P. Yegorenkov, Candidate of Technical Sciences reported on "The Latest in Projects of Casting Machines". N.G. Girshovich, Professor and Doctor of Technical Sciences (LPI imeni Kalinin) reported on the important research work being accomplished in determining the continuity of solidification of castings. A.F. Landa, Professor, Yu.A. Litvintsev, Engineer and Florin of the Moskovskiy institut khimicheskogo mashinostroyeniye (Moscow Institut of Chemical Machine Build-

Card 1,3

All-Union Conference of Foundry Workers

117-53-5-23/24

ing) reported on increased corrosion resistance and heat resistance of high-test iron with ball-shaped graphite. A.Ye. Krivosheyev, Professor of the Dnepropetrovskiy metallurgical institute (Dnepropetrovsk Metallurgical Institute) reported on "The Crystallization of Chilled Iron". B.S. Mil'man, Candidate of Technical Sciences (TSNIIMASH) reported on "The Formation of Ball-Shaped Graphite and Prospects for Receiving High Test Iron". N.D. Titov, Candidate of Technical Sciences (Automobile Plant imeni Likhachev) reported on "Conveyor Mass Production at ZIL". G.I. Kletskin, Candidate of Technical Sciences (Stankolit) spoke on "Improvements of the Process of Melting Iron in Cupola Furnaces". N.V. Gel'perin Candidate of Technical Sciences (NII TSKhM) reported on "Production of Crank Shafts for Tractor and Harvester Engines". I.N. Frolov, Engineer of the Barnaul'skiy kotel'nyy zavod (Barnaul Boiler Plant) reported on the centrifugal casting of important iron and steel parts. Ye.M. Baturin, Engineer, reported on "Risers in Exothermic Heat Treatment". N.Ya. Kogan, Engineer, (VPTI, GLAVNIIP at GOSPLAN USSR) reported on "A New Technology of Producing Large Castings in Mechanized

Card 2/3

All-Union Conference of Foundry Workers

117-58-5-23/24

Caissons". N.N. Belousov, Candidate of Technical Sciences and A.A. Dodonov, Engineer, K.G. Kovvi and Z.G. Mednikov talked about casting under pressure by using a vacuum. G.S. Taburinskiy, Engineer (NIILITMASH) reported on automatic machines for shell moulds and cores. The work of the conference will be published in 1958.

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 3/3      1. Foundry workers-Conference-USSR

GIRSHOVICH, N. G.

**Metallurgy and Heat-Resistant Alloys.** Institut Metallurgii. "Nauchnyj sovet po problemam torgovogo proizvodstva i splavov" (Scientific Council on Problems of Trade and Alloy Production). Izd. nauchno-tekhnicheskoy literatury po shirokoprilozhnym splavam, t. 5 (Investigations of Heat-Resistant Alloys), Vol. 1. Moscow, Izd. nauchno-tekhnicheskoy literatury po shirokoprilozhnym splavam, 1959. 423 p. 2,000 copies printed.

**Editorial Office:** V.I. Pavlov, Publ. Ed.: I.P. Kostylev. Editorial Board: I.V. Baranov, Academician, N.Y. Kurnakov, Academician, S.V. Arsen'ev, Prof. I.Y. Bardin, Academician, N.Y. Kurnakov, Academy of Sciences (Nayk), I.A. Orlina, Corresponding Member, USSR Academy of Sciences (Nayk), I.M. Pavlov, and T.F. Savchenko, Candidate of Technical Sciences.

**Contents:** This book is intended for metallurgical engineers, research workers in metallurgy, and may also be of interest to students of advanced courses in metallurgy.

**CONTENTS:** This book, consisting of a number of papers, deals with the properties of heat-resistant metals and alloys. Each of the papers is devoted to the study of the factors which affect the properties and behavior of metals and alloys. The effects of various elements such as Ni, Mo, and W on the heat-resisting properties of various steels are studied. Deformability and irreversibility of certain metals as related to the thermal conditions are the object of another study described. The problem of hydrogen embrittlement, diffusion and the dependence of carbide settings on temperature, the oxidation and annealing of electropolished steels are examined. One paper describes the oxidation resistance of various steels used for generic acceptability of metals. Some data on the properties of intermetallic compounds are presented. Results are given of studies of turbine and compressor blades, examined and evaluated. Results are given of studies of austenitic and ferritic steels, and the behavior of atoms in metals. Laws of diffusion and precipitation are described. No personal comments are mentioned. References accompany most of the articles.

Sviridov, Yu., and K.V. Provor. Study of Certain Problems of the Temperature Dependence of the Plasticity of Steel From the Viewpoint of the Diffusion Theory

Gritsin, P.L., Yu. Pavlinov, A.D. Sotnikov, (Deceased), and G.B. Fedorov. Self-Diffusion in Carbides and Molybdenum

Pavlenko-Lukyanov, G.P., M.P. Shabotova, N.S. Kapiton, S.I. Duklo, and L.S. Petrenko. Investigation of the Properties of 17-75 Steel

Bartenev, M. I. The Effect of Elements of Groups II to VIII on the Periodic Table on the Properties of Phase Slags

Kostylev, N.M., and K.V. Provor. The Effect of Hardness and Grain Size on the Thermal Fatigue of Heat-Resistant Steel

Pavlov, E.I., and G.V. Samsonov. Study of Boride-Base Materials

Abramsky, M. M. Study of Phase Competition of the Diffusion Layer

Avrora, N.A. On the Theory of Recovery and Complex Allotropy of Steels

Khromov, Yu.A., N.G. Olshevskiy, T.A. Strelkova, M.V. Abrikosov, and V.N. Kabanov. Effect of Temperature on the Hardening Capacity of Heat-Resisting Alloys

Khromov, Yu.A., and A.M. Grinchen. Metastable Problems in Electrolytes

Makarev, S.M., and R.A. Zemlyanik. Reactions of Oxidation and Reduction in the Formation of Heat-Resisting Austenitic Steels and Nitrided Chromium-Bearing Alloys

Makarev, S.M., and R.A. Zemlyanik. Influence of Various Factors on the Formation of Nitrides in Heat-Resisting Alloys

Makarev, S.M., and R.A. Zemlyanik. Influence of Various Factors on the Formation of Nitrides in Heat-Resisting Alloys

Makarev, S.M., and R.A. Zemlyanik. The Effect of Small Amounts of Addition Agents on the Properties of Heat-Resisting Alloys

Pavlin, I.M. Forming of Hard-to-Form Alloys

Razlogov, N.V., and A.M. Danilevich. Specific Information for (per Unit Weight) of Certain Tilley's Alloys

Sokolov, A.I., and A.M. Savchenko. Mechanical Properties of Soft Heat-Resistant Alloys

Sokolov, A.I., and A.M. Savchenko. The Formation and Propagation of Notches in Heat-Resistant Alloys

Sokolov, A.I., and A.M. Savchenko. Soft Polyesters and Their Properties

Sokolov, A.I., and A.M. Savchenko. Properties of Polyesters

Sokolov, A.I., and A.M. Savchenko. Properties of Polyesters

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~~CIA-RDP86-00E13R0005~~

Crittenden, N.C.

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PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

30A/211

**Sovremennye po eksperimentam' noy tekhnike i metodam' issledovaniya**, 1956.  
Sovremennye tekhnika i metody issledovaniy pri trudovom, zemle-  
prorabotchich, stroy-troitschich i eksperimental'nym tekhnike i metodakh  
po issledovaniyu metallov i metallovedeniyu. Trudy Sistemnykh konferencii po eksperimental'noy tekhnike i metodam' po issledovaniyu  
metallov i metallovedeniyu. Vypusk 1. Sovremennye tekhnika i metodam'  
po issledovaniyu metallov i metallovedeniyu. Akademicheskaya nauk SSSR, Institut po fiziko-khimicheskym issledovaniyam', 1956. 250 str., 150000 perevodchikov po russkoi i angliyskoi versiyam', 200000 kopii printed.

**Resp. Ed.:** A. M. Smirnov, Corresponding Member, USSR Academy of  
Sciences; **Ed. of Publishing House:** A. I. Burovskii.

**PURPOSE:** This book is intended for metallurgists and metallurgical  
engineers.

**COVERAGE:** This collection of scientific papers is divided into six  
parts: 1) thermodynamic activity and kinetics of high-temperature  
processes 2) constitution diagrams studies 3) Physical Properties  
of liquid metals and alloys 4) new analytical methods and Pro-  
duction of pure metals 5) pyrometry and 6) general questions.  
For more specific coverage, see Table of Contents.

**Smashkov, Yu.M.** Method of Measuring Electrical Conductivity of Molten Slags 3

Tikhtin, Yu.P., and O.A. Yesin. Measurement of Surface Charge Density of Liquid Metal in Contact With SiAg. 313

**318**  
RUBANOVICH, N.O., and YU.A. NEKHENDZI. Solidification and  
separations. Yu.A. and A.M. SARKISOV. U-Shaped Test Specimen  
for Determining Fluidity of Alloys.

Related Phenomena as Functions of Physicochemical Constants or Alloys	351
Biduya, V. N., and N. A. Trubim: Measurement of Linear Shrinkage and Resistance to Hot-Crack Formation in Steel	367

A versatile new instrument was developed for determining free linear shrinkage hindered (or retarded) shrinkage forces developing during hindered shrinkage, and resistance of the metal to the formation of hot cracks. By means of

this instrument it was shown that steel with a peritectic composition (about 0.2 percent C) exhibits maximum resistance to the formation of hot cracks. This resistance falls sharply both with a decrease and an increase in carbon

content. But with an increase of 0.5 percent C has been reached; with greater amounts of carbon the resistance begins to rise again. The effect of hardness content begins to seem again.

ture on hot-crack formation were also investigated.

**Brychkov, S.O., and V.V. Mikhaylov.** Methods of Determining the Heat of Formation of Slag and the Heat of Evaporation of Combined Water in Iron Ores

card 14/32

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

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~~APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002~~

~~CIA-RDP86-00513R0005~~

GIRSHOVICH, Naum Grigor'yevich, doktor tekhn. nauk, prof.; IOFFE, A.Ya.,  
kand. tekhn. nauk, red.; GVIKTS, V.L., tekhn. red.

[Present state of the graphitization theory] Sovremennoe sostoianie  
teorii grafitizatsii; obzor. Leningrad, 1959. 90 p. (MIRA 14:10)  
(Cast iron—Metallography)

SOV/148-59-2-13/24

18(3)

AUTHOR: Girshovich, N.G., Doctor of Technical Sciences, Professor

TITLE: The Problem of the Possibility of Graphite Crystallization  
From Oversaturated Homogeneous Austenite (K voprosu o  
vozmozhnosti kristallizatsii grafita iz peresyshchennogo  
odnorodnogo austenita)

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy, Chernaya metallurgiya,  
1959, Nr 2, pp 107-109 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The possibility of the spontaneous formation of graphite  
nuclei in oversaturated austenite was the subject of a  
discussion between Professors K.P. Bunin and V.F. Zubarev.  
Since the possibility of spontaneous nucleus formation was  
accepted for liquid smelts, the author suggests to apply this  
concept also for the solid state.

ASSOCIATION: Leningradskiy politekhnicheskiy institut (Leningrad Polytechnic  
Institute)

Card 1/1

SOV/122-59-3-34/42

AUTHOR: Girshovich, N.G., Doctor of Technical Sciences, Professor

TITLE: "The Design Strength of Cast Iron with Spheroidal Graphite" (Konstruktsionnaya Prochnost' Chuguna S Sharovidnym Grafitem) by Kudryavtsev, I.V., Savvina, N.M., Baranova, N.B. et al. Mashgiz.

PERIODICAL: Vestnik Mashinostroyeniya, 1959, Nr 3, pp 86-87 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: Indifferent review.

Card 1/1

24(2)

COV 120-50-7-13/27

AUTHOR: Girshovich, M.G., Doctor of Technical Sciences

TITLE: Interrelation Between the Processes of Solidification  
and Crystallization

PERIODICAL: Titeynoye Proizvodstvo, 1959, Nr 7, pp 51-74 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The problem of solidification of liquid alloys is in the discussion stage: the physical process might be named solidification, but not so for the later starting crystallization, which has to be regarded as a physico-chemical process. These separate processes have been explained sufficiently in literature, but the interdependence of both these processes has not been examined sufficiently. The author accepts the experiments made by B.V. Lubov (Academy of Sciences, 1957) on Physico-Chemical Fundamentals of Steel Production as a basis. In connection with the existing differences of opinion with regard to the velocity of solidification and crystallization the author quotes

Card 1/2

SOV/120-PC-7-13/25

Interrelation Between the Processes of Solidification and Crystallization

M. Ferry (in Fonderie, 1957, Nr 141). His latest research work (together with Yu. A. Nekhendzi published in Doklady Vysshey Shkoly, 1958, Nr 1) has proved that the transformation within the metal are not controlled by the crystallization but by the process of solidification. There are 4 diagrams and 9 references, 7 of which are Soviet and 1 English.

Card 2/2

GIRSHOVICH, N.G.

СЛЯТОК II СВОЙСТВА СТАЛИ

Д.Ф.Черног	Исследование влияния электрического токопроводящего покрытия на структуру и свойства стали при ее сварке встык.
К.С.Пресняков Д.Н.Кручин	Распределение микроструктуры в стыках сваренных сталей.
Ю.А.Назаров Н.Г.Горинец В.И.Бонин	Кинетика затвердевания плавленых сплавов системы Fe-C-Ni, полученных в вакуумной печи.
В.Г.Григор	Структурообразование в зависимости от температуры очага плавки стали.
С.А.Назаровский В.К.Назаров А.С.Педаш	Влияние температуры плавки на химический состав и структуру ее плавленой стали.
В.Г.Кручин С.М.Горинец	Плавка плавленых сплавов в стекле силикатной стали.
В.М.Тареев Ю.Д.Смирнов	О связи микроструктуры и механической прочности сплавов в стекле с кристаллизацией стали.
В.М.Тареев Ю.Д.Смирнов	Влияние микроструктуры стали на химическую однородность сплавов и стекол.
А.Н.Кирсанов В.С.Розиненко	Механизм образования стекол из сплавов в стекле силикатной стали.
Ю.А.Назаров В.Г.Каренов	Получение плавленых сплавов при заменении стекловидной формой.

Report submitted for the 5th Physical Chemical Conference on Steel Production, Moscow-- 30 Jun 1959.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE - 7-16-2017 BY 17-0002

SEARCHED PPB06-00513R0005

GIRSHOVICH, N.G.

THE BOOK OF MORMON

四〇九

REVIEW ARTICLE

Библиография. Т. 6. Москва, 1950. 8-

<sup>1</sup> Späteren Angaben widersprechen diese. Einheit unterschieden kann die Zeit

beginning. Whether there is no problem seems to depend on the planer.

Answer, Corresponding Member, Academy of Sciences from (Paris, France), Dr. G. B. K. Röhl, and Dr. H. P. Böhm, Corresponding Member, Royal Society of London.

BL. OF PUBLISHING HOUSE, V. A. KLEINER, TECH. ED., S. J. NIKONOVSKY.

“**स्वरूपं तदेव द्वयं तदेव द्वयं**” इति श्रीकृष्ण अवतार स्मृति।

CONTENTS

production of death-reversing abilities. Special attention is given to the mechanics of reformulation of such models as alchemy, astrology, etc.

Surfaces depicted and features of the terrain are drawn from maps for the base areas selected for the study. The original maps were obtained from the U.S. Geological Survey.

In addition, the mobility of atoms in different lattice environments, as well as the mobility of atoms in different lattice environments, depends on the degree of crystallization structure. The degree of change in temperature of the crystallization structure.

The irreversible thermal transformation of solid bodies. II. Particles are mentioned. References follow on p. 36.

BERTHOLD, E. D., J. M. BURGESS, AND L. M. DANK. 1974. Migration of the  
Red-backed Shrike and Sparrowhawk at Fort Verde State Historic Park, Arizona. *Dependence on the  
Sparrowhawk*. *Dependence on the Sparrowhawk*.

Composition

BRIEF NOTES ON THE V.I.P. TEST. EFFECT OF PREVIOUS STABILITY ON

**Berlier, F.E., L.L. Ryantina, and G.Y. Galbraith.** Effect of the *Tin*-*Lead* on the Character of the Magnesite Crystal! Long-Term Reduction of

PROSPECTUS DATES MAY - 6 - 21 - AL ALBERT

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PRUDHOMME, PH.D. Power Periods of Macrocyclic Flow, Creep, and Relaxation

## Investigation of Defects and Failure of High-Alloying Steels

**REVIEW**, Part I. **THEORY**, Vol. III, pp. 1-75.  
**T. V. FETTER, JR.**, *Memorandum*, and **R. V. ANDREEV**, *Certain Properties of*

THE BRITISH

REFLECTIONS IN THE CLOUDS. ALICE

ATLANTA: Library of Congress

Carlsbad, N.M.

PLEASE I BOOK EXPLANATION 507/4199

Leningrad. Politehnicheskij Institut

Sovremennye dostizheniya litsenzovalenogo predpriyatiya: trudy  
mezhunarodnoj nauchno-tekhnicheskoy konferencii "Recent  
Achievements in Foundry: Transactions of the Scientific  
and Technical Conference of Schools of Higher Education"

Moscow, March 1980. 336 p. Errata slip inserted.  
1,000 copies printed.

Prof. Dr. Iu. A. Nechenski, Doctor of Technical Sciences,  
Professor; Ed. N. Gribanov, Doctor of Technical Sciences,  
Associate Professor; M. V. Gerasimov, Doctor of Technical  
Sciences, Professor; N. V. Kuznetsov, Doctor of Technical  
Sciences, Professor; V. V. Kostylev, Professor; Dr. Eng.,  
Re. A. Dugorianski, and L. V. Shirokina.

REVIEW: This book is intended for the technical personnel  
of foundries. It may be used by students of the field.

CONTENTS: This collection of articles discusses problems in  
foundry processes. Individual articles treat the welding  
of metals and their alloys, mechanization and automation  
of casting processes, aspects of the manufacture of steel,  
cast iron, and nonferrous metal castings. No personalities  
are mentioned. References accompany individual articles.

Recent Achievements in Foundry (Cont.)

507/4199

38. Reducing Nitrogen Content in the Field of Production  
of Cast Iron with Spheroidal Graphite 273
39. Improvement of Magnesium-Modified Cast  
Iron 281
40. Effect of Nitrogen on the Structure and  
Mechanical Properties of Gray Cast Iron 285
41. Investigation of Graphitizing the  
Properties of High-Silicon Malleable Cast Iron 292
42. Characteristics of the "M-Ferrite" Phosphide Eutectic  
on Cast Iron Properties 299
- VII. NONFERROUS METAL CASTINGS
43. Chemical, Metal, Problems of Iron Refining or Some Copper  
Alloys 309

Card 8/2

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NEKHENDZI, Yu.A., prof., doktor tekhn.nauk, otv.red. (Leningrad);  
GIRSHOVICH, N.G., prof., doktor tekhn.nauk, red. (Leningrad);  
LEBEDEV, K.P., dotsent, red.; DLUGOKANSKAYA, Ye.A., tekhn.  
red.; SHCHETININA, L.V., tekhn.red.

[Modern achievements in foundry practice; transactions of the  
Intercollegiate Scientific Technological Conference] Trudy  
Mezhvuzovskoy nauchno-tekhnicheskoy konferentsii. Sovremennoye  
dostizheniya liteinogo proizvodstva. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-  
tekhn.izd-vo mashinostroit.lit-ry, 1960. 338 p.

(MIRA 13:6)

1. Mezhvuzovskaya nauchno-tekhnicheskaya konferentsiya, 1957.  
(Founding)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

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GIRSHOVICH, N.G.

Effect of overheating during melting and modification on the  
properties of gray cast iron. Idt.proizv. no.7126-32 Je '60.  
(MIRA 13:7)

(Cast iron)  
(Metals, Effect of temperature on)

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

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NEKHENDZI, Yu.A.; GIRSHOVICH, N.G.; GRUZNYKH, I.V.; BILYKH, V.Ya.;  
KUPTSOV, I.V.; SIMANOVSKIY, M.P.; ANTIPOV, M.V.

Foundry properties of heat-resistant alloys. Issl. po sharopr.  
splav. 6:308-313 '60. (MIRA 13:9)  
(Heat-resistant alloys) (Foundry)

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION SOV/5458

Girshovich, Naum Grigor'yevich, Doctor of Technical Sciences, Professor, ed.

Spravochnik po chugunnomu lit'yu (Handbook on Iron Castings) 2d ed., rev. and enl. Moscow, Mashgiz, 1961. 800 p. Errata slip inserted. 16,000 copies printed.

Reviewer: P. P. Berg, Doctor of Technical Sciences, Professor; Ed.: I. A. Baranov, Engineer; Ed. of Publishing House: T. L. Leykina; Tech. Eds.: O. V. Speranskaya and P. S. Frumkin; Managing Ed. for Literature on Machine-Building Technology (Leningrad Department, Mashgiz); Ye. P. Naumov, Engineer.

PURPOSE: This handbook is intended for technical personnel at cast-iron foundries. It may also be of use to skilled workmen in foundries and students specializing in founding.

COVERAGE: The handbook contains information on basic problems in the modern manufacture of iron castings. The following are discussed: the composition and properties of the metal; the making of molds; special casting methods; the charge preparation; melting

Card 1/11

Handbook on Iron Castings

SOV/5458

and modifying the cast iron; pouring, shaking out, and cleaning of castings; heat-treatment methods; and the inspection and rejection of castings. Information on foundry equipment and on the mechanization of castings production is also presented. The authors thank Professor P. P. Berg, Doctor of Technical Sciences, and staff members of the Mosstankolit Plant, headed by the chief metallurgist G. I. Kletskin, Candidate of Technical Sciences, for their assistance. References follow each chapter. There are 287 references, mostly Soviet.

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

Foreword [N. G. Girshovich]	3
Ch. I. Composition and Properties of Cast Iron (N. G. Girshovich)	5
1. Equilibrium diagram, classification, and the structure of cast iron	5
2. Effect of various factors on the structure of cast iron	15

Card 2/11

Handbook on Iron Castings

SOV/5458

3. Casting properties of cast iron and phenomena related to them	16
4. Mechanical properties of cast iron	24
5. The process, chemical, and physical properties of cast iron	33
Process properties	33
Chemical properties	33
Physical properties	37
6. Selecting the composition of iron for casting	40
Bibliography	66
Ch. II. Planning the Mold-Production Process	67
1. Principles for selecting the mold-production method (I. A. Baranov)	67
2. Geometric accuracy of castings and methods of improving it (F. D. Obolentsev)	70
3. Easy manufacturability of castings (N. V. Vishnyakov)	75
4. Selecting the position of a casting in the mold (M. M. Vyshemirskiy)	87

Card 5/11

Handbook on Iron Castings

SOV/5458

4. Continuous casting	467
Manufacture of tubes and round billets (A.D.Popov)	467
Manufacture of cast-iron sheets (Ye. G. Nikolayenko, D. I. Yasskiy, and S. L. Burov)	471
Bibliography	476
Ch. VI. Preparation of the Charge, Melting, and Treatment of Molten Cast Iron	478
1. Materials used in cast-iron melting (A. N. Sokolov)	478
2. Preparation of the charge for making cast iron (A. Ya. Ioffe)	506
3. Melting in cupolas	513
Fundamentals of melting cast iron in a cupola (N. G. Girshovich)	513
Designs of cupolas (M. N. Urin)	520
Mechanization and automation of the cupola operation (M. N. Urin)	553
Melting in cupolas and the elimination of troubles (A. Ya. Ioffe)	562
4. Melting in electric furnaces (A. N. Sokolov)	566

Card 7/11

Handbook on Iron Castings

SOV/5458

2. Solidification and cooling of castings in a mold (N. G. Girshovich and I. P. Yegorenkov)	647
3. Mechanization of the shaking out of molds (M. I. Dunayevskiy and B. P. Yegorov)	653
4. Mechanization of the cleaning and chipping of castings (M. I. Dunayevskiy and B. P. Yegorov)	659
5. Safety measures (Ye. B. Immerman)	675
 Bibliography	676
 Ch. VIII. Heat Treatment of Iron Castings (N. G. Girshovich)	677
1. Classification of heat-treatment regimes	677
2. Stress relief	677
3. Graphitizing annealing	679
4. Spheroidizing annealing	687
5. Decarburizing annealing	687
6. Normalizing, quench hardening, and tempering	688
 Bibliography	696

Card 9/11

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GIRSHOVICH, N.G.

Analysis of preshrinkage expansion and the volume of shrinkage  
cavities in cast iron. Lit. proizv. no. 2:27-31 F '61.  
(MIRA 14:4)

(Expansion (Heat)) (Cast iron--Defects)

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CIA-RDP86-00513R0005

GIRSHOVICH, N.G. (Leningrad); NEKHENDZI, Yu.A. (Leningrad)

Isotherms or lines of equal overheating? Izv. AN. SSSR. Otd.  
tekhn. nauk. Met. i topl. no.3:140-142 My-Je '61. (MIRA 14:7)  
(Metals--Thermal properties) (Curves, Isothermal)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

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GIRSHOVICH, Naum Grigor'yevich, doktor tekhn. nauk, prof., red.;  
TOFFE, A.Ya., kand. tekhn. nauk, red.; BORODULINA, I.A.,  
red. izd-va; SHCHETININA, L.V., tekhn. red.

[Production and properties of cast iron with spheroidal  
graphite] Poluchenie i svoistva chuguna s sharovidnym  
grafitom. Moskva, Mashgiz, 1962. 351 p. (MIRA 15:4)  
(Cast iron--Metallurgy)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

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GIRSHOVICH, N.G.; NEKHENDZI, Yu.A.

- Effect of inoculation on the crystallization of alloys. Lit. proizv.  
no.5:19-25 My '42;  
(Founding) (MIRA 16:3)  
(Crystallization)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

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~~CIA-RDP86-00513R0005~~

GIRSHOVICH, N.G.; SIMANOVSKIY, M.P.

Bending of castings during cooling in the mold. Lit. proizv.  
no.2:22-26 F '63. (MIRA 16:3)  
(Metal castings--Defects) (Thermal stresses)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

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GIRSHOVICH, N.G.; LEBEDEV, K.P.; NEKHENDZI, Yu.A.

Expansion of ferrous and nonferrous alloys before shrinkage. Lit.proizv.  
no.4:23-28 Ap '63.  
(Alloys) (MIRA 164)  
(Expansion (Heat))

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R000

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CIA-RDP86-00513R0005

GIRSHOVICH, N.G.

Mechanism and calculations of casting sage in molds. Lit.  
proizv. no.6:47-48 Je '63. (MIRA 16:7)

(Founding--Defects)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

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GIRSHOVICH, N.G.; NEKHENDZI, Yu.A.

Theoretical basis of investigating the founding properties of  
alloys. Trudy LPI no. 224:24-60 '63. (MIRA 17:9)

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GIRSHOVICH, N.G., doktor tekhn.nauk; IOFFE, A.Ya., kand.tekhn.nauk; ALEKSEYEV,  
A.G., inzh.

Effect of shape on the shrinkage defects and the accuracy of iron  
castings. Lit. proizv. no.7:29-32 Jl '65.

(MIRA 18:8)

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1 23850 66 EWT(1)/END(m)/EWA(8)/ETC(m) 6/0421/66 SOURCE CODE: UR/0421/66/000/001/0151/0153

ACC NR: AP6010858

. 63

B

AUTHOR: Girshovich, T. A. (Moscow)

ORG: none

TITLE: A turbulent jet in a drifting flow

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Izvestiya. Mekhanika zhidkosti i gaza, no. 1, 1966, 151-153

TOPIC TAGS: fluid mechanics, jet stream, jet flow, shear stress, pressure gradient, velocity profile

ABSTRACT: The problem of two-dimensional jet issuing from an infinite thin slot and expanding at a certain angle toward an infinite flow is approximately formulated. It is assumed that the jet axis is a streamline, the shear stress on the axis is equal to zero, and the transverse displacement of the jet axis is constant. The solution is obtained by using the well-known integral method of the boundary layer theory. The jet parameters such as axial velocity the external and internal boundaries of the jet are determined. The velocity profile is obtained by the Prandtl formula for shear stress. It is shown that the longitudinal and transverse pressure gradients have no effect on the relative velocity profile. Orig. art. [AB]

SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 20Mar65/ ORIG REF: 007/ OTH REP: 002

Card 1/1 dda

Z

ACC NR: AP6034548 SOURCE CODE: UR/0421/66/000/005/0121/0126

AUTHOR: Girshovich, T. A.

ORG: none

TITLE: Theoretical and experimental study of a flat turbulent jet in a cocurrent flow

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Izvestiya. Mekhanika zhidkosti i gaza, no. 5, 1966, 121-126

TOPIC TAGS: jet flow, jet mixing, jet propulsion, ~~air breathing~~  
~~engine~~ turbulent jet, turbulent mixing

ABSTRACT: An analysis was made of the initial section of a flat turbulent jet discharging into a cocurrent stream, and the results were compared with experimental data. The analysis was made in a system of curvilinear orthogonal coordinates where the curved jet axis was taken as the abscissa and the normal to it as the ordinate. The following assumptions were made: the jet axis is the zero flow line; the curvature radius of the jet axis is constant in the initial section; in the flow core, which has a constant total pressure, the transverse velocity is considerably smaller than the longitudinal velocity; the mixing path lengths are different in the external and internal mixing zones; the

Card 1/4

ACC NR: AP6034548

mixing path length is proportional to the thickness of the mixing zone; and in each mixing zone the velocity profiles are similar. The following system of ordinary differential equations was derived and solved on an electronic computer:

$$\begin{aligned} f_1 b_1' + f_2 y_{21}' + f_3 = 0, \quad f_4 b_1' + f_5 y_{21}' + f_6 = \pm \frac{108}{35} \beta^2 (u_{11} - u_{8,1})^2, \\ \left( \beta^2 = \frac{b_1}{b_1^2} = \frac{b_2}{b_2^2} \right) \\ f_1 = \frac{9}{70} u_{8,1}^2 - \frac{13}{35} u_{11}^2 + \frac{17}{70} u_{11} u_{8,1} + \frac{bi}{35R} (6u_{11}^2 - 20u_{8,1}^2 + 9u_{11} u_{8,1}) \\ f_2 = \frac{bi}{70R} (78u_{11}^3 + u_{11} u_{8,1}^2 + 26u_{8,1}^3) - u_0 (u_{11} - u_{8,1}) \exp \left[ -\frac{b_{01} + y_{21}}{R} \right] \\ f_3 = \frac{u_{8,1}'}{70} \left[ b_1 (53u_{8,1} - 18u_{11}) + \frac{b_1^3}{R} (40u_{8,1}^2 + 9u_{11}^2) \right] \\ f_4 = -\frac{1}{140} (43u_{11}^3 + 113u_{8,1}^3 + 27u_{11}^2 u_{8,1} + 97u_{11} u_{8,1}^2) + \\ + \frac{bi}{R} \left( \frac{155}{462} u_{11}^3 - \frac{241}{385} u_{11}^2 u_{8,1} + \frac{2033}{770} u_{11} u_{8,1}^2 - \frac{1}{110} u_{8,1}^3 \right) \\ f_5 = -u_0 (u_{11}^2 - u_{8,1}^2) \exp \left[ -\frac{b_{02} + y_{21}}{R} \right] + \frac{bi}{R} \left( \frac{43}{28} u_{11}^3 + \frac{27}{35} u_{11}^2 u_{8,1} + \right. \\ \left. + \frac{151}{140} u_{11} u_{8,1}^2 + \frac{43}{70} u_{8,1}^3 \right) \\ f_6 = \frac{u_{8,1} b_1}{140} (59u_{8,1}^3 + 27u_{11}^3 - 86u_{11} u_{8,1}) + \frac{b_1^3}{41R} \left( \frac{61}{21} u_{11}^3 + \frac{523}{21} u_{11} u_{8,1}^2 - \frac{37}{6} u_{11} u_{8,1}^3 \right) u_{8,1}', \end{aligned}$$

Card 2/4

ACC NR: AP6034548

where  $i = 1$  for the external mixing zone;  $i = 2$  for the internal mixing zone;  $u_{\infty i}$  = the velocity at the outer boundary of the mixing zone;  $u_{11}$  = the velocity at the boundary of the flow core; and  $b_i$  = the width of the mixing zone. Results calculated by the equation are plotted in Fig. 1. For purposes of comparison, experiments were conducted with a

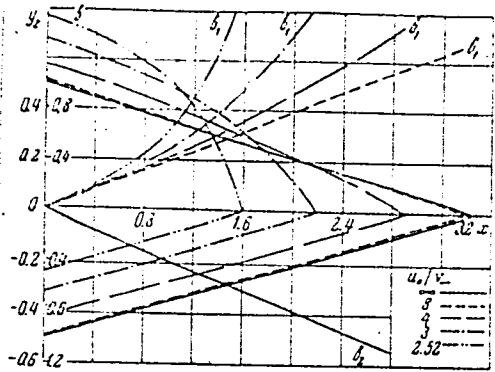


Fig. 1. Change of the boundaries of the flow core and thickness of the mixing zone for  $\beta = 0.09$  for various velocity ratios of the jet and the cocurrent stream.

Card 3/4

ACC NR: AP6034548

1.5-mm wide nozzle, 300 mm long to study the main section and with a 5-mm wide nozzle, 100 mm long for the initial section. The theoretical solution quantitatively and qualitatively described the jet propagation with the exception of the jet axis which was actually more curved than the theoretically calculated axis. Orig. art. has: 7 figures and 8 formulas. [WA-68]

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Card 4/4

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GIRSHOVICH, V., inzh; YUROV, I., inzh.

New carburetors for "Moskvich" automobiles. Za rul. l" no.11:  
18-20 N '59. (MIRA 13:4)

1. Leningradskiy karbyuratornyy zavod imeni Kuybysheva.  
(Automobiles--Engines--Carburetors)

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GIRSHOVICH, Ye. I.

Treatment of closed fractures of the diaphysis of the hip. Trudy  
Len.gos.nauch.-issl.inst.travm.i ortop. no.7:105-119 '58.  
(MIRA 13:6)

1. Iz otdeleniya neotlozhnoy travmatologii Leningradskogo insti-  
tuta travmatologii i ortopedii i travmatologicheskogo otdeleniya  
bol'nitsy imeni Volodarskogo.  
(HIP JOINT--FRACTURE)

GIRSHOVICH, Ye.I.

Reduction of dislocations of the lower jaw. E.I. Girshovich.  
Ortop.travm. i protez 19 no.2:67-68 Mr-Ap '58 (MIRA 11:5)

1. Iz bol'nitsy im. Volodarskogo (glavnnyy vrach - N.M.  
Krasil'nikov), Leningrad.  
(JAWS--DISLOCATION)

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GIRTSKOVICH, V. E.: Muzunar Med. Sot. (Liss) -- "The treatment of concealed breaks  
of the diaphysis of the femur". Leningrad, 1959. 16 pp (Mir Health RSFSR,  
Leningrad Med Inst im Acad I. P. Pavlov), 200 copies (KL, № 17, 1959, 110)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R000

~~APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R0005~~

GIRSHOVICH, Ye.S., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk.

Introducing cermet tools in the plants of the ministry. Stroi.i  
dor.mashinostr. 1 no.1:28-29 ja 56. (MIRA 10:1)  
(Cutting tools) (Powder metallurgy)

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GIRSHOVICH, Ye.S., kand.tekhn.nauk.

Economic efficiency of using bimetallic and screwed bushings.  
Trakt. i sel'khozmash. no.11:42-43 N '59. (MIRA 13:3)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut Traktorosel'khozmash.  
(Bearings(Machinery))

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CIA-RDP86-00513R0005

GIRSHOVICH, Ye.S., kand.tekhn.nauk

Machining a group of parts on a quickly readjusted machine-tool  
unit. Trakt. i sel'khozmash. 30 no. 12:34-36 D '60.  
(MIRA 13:12)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut tekhnologii traktornogo i  
sel'skokhozyaystvennogo mashinostroyeniya.  
(Machine-shop practice)

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~~CIA-RDP86-00513R0005~~

GIRSHOVICH, Ye.S., kand.tekhn.nauk; TRIFONOV, O.N., inzh.

Technological parameters of cutter heads of small milling machinery units. Trakt.i sel'khozmash. 31 no.2:40-42 F '61. (MIRA 14:7)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut tekhnologii traktornogo i sel'skokhozyaystvennogo mashinostroyeniya.  
(Milling machines)

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~~CIA-RDP86-00513R0005~~

GIRCHOVICHUS, S.Kh.; GIRCHOVICHUS, I.Kh.

Three-dimensional field of a magnetic recording head. Radio-  
tekhnika 19 no. 4:76-79 Apr '84. (MIRA 17:5)

1. Dostavitel'nyye chleny Nauchno-tehnicheskogo obshchestva  
radiotekhniki i elektroniki imeni Topova.

06267

SOV/107-59-6-31/50

6(5)

AUTHORS: Naydenov, A., Vorontsov, N., Girshovichus, S.

TITLE: Tape Recorder "El'fa-10"

PERIODICAL: Radio, 1959, Nr 6, pp 27-29 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The Elektrotekhnicheskiy zavod "El'fa" (Electrical Equipment Plant "El'fa") developed the tape recorder "El'fa-10" ("Spalis") which is now in production. The electrical parameters of the tape recorder are in accordance with GOST 8088-56 for group "19". The tape winding mechanism is explained in three diagrams, Figures 1-3. The principal circuit diagram is shown in Figure 4. The tape recorder is designed for a tape speed of 190.5 mm/sec and for 360-m spools; recording or play-back on one track lasts 30 minutes. The second track is used by changing the spools. The recording level is controlled by a "magic eye", tube 6Ye5S. A keyboard-type switch is used. The three-stage preamplifier consists of one

Card 1/2

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Tape Recorder "El'fa-10"

6N2P and one triode of tube 6N1P. The other triode of the 6N1P works in the magnetizing and erasing generator. The generator consists of a tapped-coil circuit and works on 25 kc. The magnetizing current is 1.2 milliamps, the erasing current 45 milliamps. The LF output stage consists of one 6P14P tube. A full-wave rectifier is used, consisting of one 6Ts4P. For reducing background noise, the heating filament of tube 6N2P is fed by dc from a rectifier consisting of diodes DG-Ts24. The tone color control provides a steep slope of the frequency response curve at a frequency of 8,000 cycles of not less than 10db. At a frequency of 1,000 cycles, the voltage change does not exceed 3 db. Power consumption is 75 watts from 127- or 220-volt mains. Dynamic microphone MD-41 is used. The tape recorder is delivered with three spools, two of which hold tape. One of the spools is fastened inside of the cover. There are 1 circuit diagram, 3 diagrams, 1 sketch, and 2 tables.

Card 2/2

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GIRSHOVICHUS, S.Kh., inzh.; LENDOVER, A.D., inzh.; SEDOV, I.N., inzh.

The "CARSAS" dictaphone. Mekh.i avtom.proizv. 17 no.947-50 S  
'63. (MIRA 16:10)

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GIRSHOVICHUS, S.Kh.; GIRSHOVICHUS, I.Kh.

Three-dimensional field of a magnetic recording head. Radio-  
tekhnika 19 no. 4:76-79 Ap '64. (MRA 17:5)

1. Dostavitel'nyye chleny Nauchno-tehnicheskogo obshchestva  
radiotekhniki i elektrosvyazi imeni Popova.

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1. GORB, T. V., Prof.; GIRSHPAK, V. G.
2. USSR (600)
4. Karakul Sheep - Ukraine
7. Feeding and maintenance of Karakul ewes in the Ukraine. Mat. I zv. r. 6, No. 1, 1953.
9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, June 1953, Uncl.

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GIRSHTEIN, B.I.

DECEASED

1961/3

c1961

SEE ILC

CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY

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ZHIL'IN, I., arkhitektor; GIRSHTEL', G., inzh.

Factory finishing of wall slabs. Zhil. stroi. no.4:19-21 '62.

(MIRA 15:5)

(Finishes and finishing) (Concrete walls)

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CIA-RDP86-00513R0005

ZHILKIN, I., arkhitektor; GIRSHTEL', G., inzh.

Industrial wastes for finishing wall panels. Zhil. stroi. no.1:  
20-22 '62. (MIRA 16:1)

(Finishes and finishing)  
(Lugansk Economic Region--Walls)

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SHUPOV, L.P.; BELONOZHKO, I.F.; GISHCHUK, B.V.; KONONOVA, A.P.; MASLENNIKOVA, K.P.; SVERDEL', E.I.; ARTEMOVA, A.A.

Selection of a synthetic fiber filter cloth for thin iron ore concentrators. Gor.zhur. no.10:60-62 O '64.

(MIRA 18:1)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy i proyektnyy institut po obogashcheniyu i aglomeratsii rud chernykh metallov, Krivoy Rog (for Shupov, Belonozhko, Gishchuk). 2. Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut po pererabotke iskusstvennogo i sinteticheskogo volokna (for Kononova, Maslenikova). 3. Yuzhnnyy gorno-obogatitel'nyy kombinat, Krivoy Rog (for Sverdel', Artemova).

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GIRSHVAL'D, L.Ya.

[History of the invention of logarithms] Istorija otkrytiia logarifmov.  
Khar'kov, Izd-vo gos. univ., 1952. 31 p.  
(Logarithms)

GIRSHVAL'D, L.Ya.

Probability theory at Kharkov University. Uch.zap.KhGU 65:65-73  
'56. (MIRA 10:?)  
(Kharkov--Probabilities--Study and teaching)

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GORDEVSKIY, Dmitriy Zakharovich; LEYBIN, Aleksandr Sergeyevich;  
GIRSHVAL'D, L.Ya., dots., retsenzent; GAYDUK, Yu.M.,  
retsenzent; BLANK, Ya.P., prof., otv. red.; NESTERENKO,  
A.S., red.

[Popular introduction to multidimensional geometry] Popu-  
liarnoe vvedenie v mnogomernuiu geometriiu. Khar'kov, Izd-  
vo Khar'kovskogo univ., 1964. 190 p. (MIRA 17:5)

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REF ID: A74047510

57351/64/000/167/0028-0028

AUTHOR: Vorob'ev, V. V. (Vladimir Vasil'evich) [see also Vorob'ev, G.

OBJECT: Meteorological forecasting. Weather forecasting. Weather forecast of the USSR and weather forecast of the European part of the USSR. The American sector of the northern hemisphere. Intergovernmental cooperation in meteorology.

SOURCE: Leningrad, Glavnaya meteorologicheskaya observarion (Leningrad, 1964). Obshchaya s'mopilitatsiya po meteodol'nosti (general and synoptic meteorology), 21-28.

TOPIC TAGS: Atmosphere circulation, climatology, weather forecasting, long-range weather forecasting, meteorology, weather forecasting, long-

ABSTRACT: Vvedenie. Kortkove i dolgove vremennye periody. Atmofizika protsessov. Vsevremennye periody. Vremennye periody. Vremennye periody (1967). Vse. Vremennye periody. Vremennye periody.

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ACCESSION-NR: 4T4047618

vector, the atmospheric circulation in the northern part of the hemisphere has more meridional character than the southern, and since the sun moves from the winter solstice only 23° from the equator, the sun's rays strike the northern hemisphere at a greater angle than the southern. This causes the seasonal temperature differences between the two hemispheres. In the summer, the sun's rays strike the northern hemisphere at a greater angle, and therefore the temperature is higher.

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VOROB'YEVA, Ye.V., kand. geograf. nauk; GIRSKAYA, E.I.

Characteristics of the spring—summer season for the European territory of the U.S.S.R. and western Siberia in connection with the circulation intensity in the American sector of the Northern Hemisphere. Trudy GGO no.164:21-28 '64.  
(MIRA 17:9)

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CIA-RDP86-00513R0005

GIRSKIY, V.A.

BOTVINKO, M.Ye., laureat Stalinskoy premii, inzhener; GIRSKIY, V.A., laureat Stalinskoy premii, inzhener; GORBATOV, N.A., laureat Stalinskoy premii, inzhener [deceased]; LAPIR, F.A., laureat Stalinskoy premii, inzhener; BROMBERG, A.A., professor, redaktor; ARSEN'YEV, A.A., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; TOVSTOLUZHISKIY, N.I., redaktor; KOVALIKHINA, N.F., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Concrete, asphalt concrete and rock crushing plants in road building; planned designs and standard equipment] Betonnye, asfaltobetonnye i kamnedrobil'nye zavody na dorozhnym stroitel'stva; proektnye resheniya i tipovoe oborudovanie. Pod red. A.A.Bromberga. Moskva, Ministerstvo avtomobil'nogo transporta i shosseinykh dorog SSSR. Pt. 1. [Rock crushing, cement, and concrete plants and centers for the manufacture of concrete plates and reinforced concrete building units] Kamnedrobil'nye i tsementobetonnye zavody tsakhki i bazy dlia izgotovleniya betonnykh plit i zhelezobetonnykh detalei. 1954. 160 p. [Microfilm]

(Concrete) (Asphalt concrete)  
(Stone, Crushed)

(MLRA 7:10)